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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXI NO. 241 — BOMBAY: MONDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1943 — Price: 2 Annas

OPTICIANS
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Important Captures By Allies In Italy

FIFTH ARMY IMPROVES POSITION ALONG R. VOLTURNO: EIGHTH ARMY'S PROGRESS: TERMOLI BRIDGEHEAD EXTENDED

ALLIED HQ. IN NORTH AFRICA, October 10.

The Fifth Army has captured Ponte, seven miles north-east of Benevento.

Allied Headquarters in North Africa, Sunday's Allied communique says: "The Fifth Army has improved its positions along the Volturno river line.

To the north the Eighth Army has made further progress and Termoli bridgehead is being extended. South of Termoli, Larino has been captured.

San Marco Captured

LONDON, October 10: The Allied 'communique' as broadcast by the Algiers, United Nations Radio announces that San Marco in the Central Section of the Italian front has been captured.

AIR: Heavy bombers of the North-West African Air Forces attacked airfields at Salonica, Athens, Argos, and Larissa in Greece, and Kastelli Pediads in Crete. Enemy aircraft petrol dumps warehouses and hangars were hit. Medium bombers attacked Larissa shortly afterwards leaving fires among grounded aircraft. Gun positions in battle area in Italy were attacked by medium bombers, while fighters and fighter bombers strafed motor transport. Long-range fighters destroyed 16 enemy aircraft near Rhodes. During the 24 hours operations 22 enemy aircraft were destroyed. One of our aircraft is missing."

CAPTURES BY EIGHTH ARMY

From Reuter's Special Correspondent Allied headquarters in North Africa: Germans in the Termoli region have been pushed back two miles. The Eighth Army have captured Cuglionesi Colletorto and Gambalesi in face of stiff opposition. Gains of about four miles in depth have been made all along the Eighth Army front. The rains are continuing. The Germans are using the Italians to prepare their positions.

"THREE MAJOR BATTLES LIKELY"

With the Fifth Army: Saturday—An army spokesman said that the progress of the battle was well up to expectations, but he expressed the belief that there would be at least two, perhaps three, major battles between Rome and Naples.

The spokesman added that the Germans had a considerable number of full divisions in Italy, mostly north of Rome, but they may decide any moment to send some to the south. Supply was their big problem, and the Allied air superiority was probably the main reason why they had been unable to throw their full force against the Allies.

ATTACK ON RHODES IMMINENT?

ISTANBUL, Oct 10: The Germans are hurriedly attempting to reinforce the garrison at Rhodes by sea and air. Italian refugees from the island say the Germans at Rhodes believe that a full-scale British sea-borne attack from Cyprus is imminent.

The refugees say that the hostility of a former large Italian garrison increased by many acts of German treachery immediately after the armistice. Small parties of Italian soldiers are still resisting in scattered parts of the island, receiving scanty food supplies from villagers.

RHODES & CRETE AIRFIELDS RAIDED

(Allied headquarters in North Africa): It is announced that three additional successful raids were made on Saturday on three airfields in Rhodes and Crete by Liberators. There were no losses.—Reuter.

ITALIAN REFUGEES IN TURKEY

Refugees are coming into Turkish territory from Rhodes almost daily in dinghies, row boats and rafts crossing at night to escape German naval patrol.

Over 1,000 Italian soldiers sailors and airmen including 150 officers are interned in two main camps at Beyshevia and Ispartia in Southern Italy.

Rommel To Leave Italy?

"Anxious To Take Over Russian Front"

ZURICH, Oct. 10.

Marshal Rommel wants to leave Italy and take command of the German army in Russia, according to diplomatic quarters here.

Baron Von Neurath, who has held several key posts under Hitler, is said to have made representations to Hitler's headquarters on behalf of General Rommel, who is one of his personal friends.

Diplomatic headquarters in Zurich believe that Gen. Rommel and Kesselring cannot tolerate each other.—Reuter.

India League's Plea

LONDON, Oct. 10: A conference under the auspices of the India League to-day passed a resolution demanding firstly the sending of food grains, medical supplies and other necessities to India from sources under British control wherever they may be; secondly, the allocation of necessary shipping and air transport for this purpose; thirdly, the arranging for supplies from other countries such as the Americas and fourthly the ending of the administrative chaos and anti-social practices in India such as hoarding, by the establishment of a National Government as well as food and famine organisations on a popular basis.

In a statement on the food situation in India Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon said that famine conditions were not confined to Calcutta or Bengal. They existed also in areas in South India, in Madras Presidency, Bombay and parts of Bihar.—Reuter.

The Government of Madras have passed orders permitting Scheduled Classes pupils to appear thrice instead of twice for re-examination for the award of Secondary School Leaving Certificate.—A. P.

NAZI GARRISON SURROUNDED

Yugoslav Liberation Army's Big Successes

LONDON, Oct. 10.

The Headquarters of the Yugoslav National Army of Liberation announces that the German garrison at Ogulin, Croatia is surrounded and is being supplied by air

The statement added: "Partisan armies now hold the whole of Sanjak (Bosnia) and Eastern Bosnia by far the larger part of Montenegro, parts of Herzegovina the greater part of Dalmatia and the Dalmatian Islands, Croatian coastal regions and those areas of western Croatia from Susak north-east along the railway Susak-Ogulin-Karlovac and in the north-east of Croatia districts east of Zagreb towards Varazdin and the Hungarian border."—Reuter

Real Cause Of Indian Famine

Wavell's Discussions With Gangulee

(From A Special Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 10.

Prior to his departure for India, Lord Wavell received yesterday Mr. Gangulee when the present grave famine in India and its real causes were discussed. Mr. Gangulee pointed out to the Viceroy-designate by charts and figures specially prepared why the present grave food shortage was not entirely due to stoppage of imports from Burma and hoarding.

Lord Wavell listened most attentively to Mr. Gangulee's argument and took notes of the charts and figures for his personal observation.

Mr. Gangulee also presented Lord Wavell with a memorandum dealing with the "grow more food campaign" in India and advising the Government of India to select representatives of Indian farmers to come to Britain for studying the British agricultural methods.

U. S. STATE DEPARTMENT EXPOSES JAPAN'S DUPLICITY

How Tokyo Officials Made Use Of Honest Nomura And Replaced Him By Kurusu

LONDON, Oct. 10.

Nothing is plainer in the documents relating to the American-Japanese negotiations in the Autumn of 1941 which have just been published by the State Department in Washington than the complete duplicity of Japan. Admiral Nomura in the classic definition of ambassador was "an honest man sent abroad to lie for his country."

All who know Admiral Nomura attest to his integrity and sincerity. Mr. Federick Moore, for fourteen years adviser to the Japanese Foreign Office, who was in the Embassy at Washington all through the negotiations in close intimacy with Admiral Nomura, declared that the Admiral earnestly desired peace with America for its own sake, was always in the dark as to Tokyo's real intentions and utterly unconscious that he had been purposely chosen because of his good name to throw dust in America's eyes while Japan got ready.

This view is supported by his statement that the Japanese Government was "clearly desirous of peace and was trying to show its peaceful purpose."

Such offers as Admiral Nomura was instructed to make to Mr. Cordell Hull, it will be noted—freedom of commercial opportunity, respect for the sovereignty of Pacific Peoples etc.—were always in terms which Japan could interpret as she pleased. Everyone knows what that means. On withdrawal of her troops from China, on which America insisted as proof of Japan's good faith, Japan was adamant. Incidentally the peace terms, which America was asked to induce China to accept were the same as those put, on Japan's behalf, to General Chiang-Kai-Shek in December 1938 after the fall of Nanking by the German Ambassador in China. When the Ambassador had finished reading them Madame Chiang, who was interpreting said swertly: "And now shall we talk of something else?"

These documents vividly illustrate Japan's diplomatic technique—a mixture of cajolery and bullying peace talk in Washington and ferocious speechifying by all leaders in Japan. The Japanese always believed that Great Britain must be beaten and America, then faced with the danger of war on two fronts, must accordingly give ear to Japan's demands.

GREW HAD WARNED

When Mr. Kurusu, typical militarist in tailcoat, was sent to Washington in November actually to supersede Admiral Nomura, his language was markedly harsher than the Admiral's. His manner was insolent and Mr. Cordell Hull complains that "his arguments on this (the future of Nanking Puppet Regime) as on various other points were specious and unconvincing." The only statement by Mr. Kurusu which rings true was that "Japan would not be catspaw for Germany. Japan's purpose in entering the Tri-Partite Alliance was to use it for her own purpose." That is a perfect definition of everything Japan does. That was on November 20, only 17 days before Pearl Harbour and three days after the United States Ambassador in Japan, Mr. Joseph Grew, had cabled the strongest warning that Washington must prepare "against sudden Japanese naval or military actions."—Reuter.

DEAL FINAL BLOW TO JAPAN

China Day Celebrations In Calcutta And London

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.

The 32nd anniversary of the establishment of the Chinese republic was celebrated in Calcutta this morning with a public meeting presided over by the Consul-General for China, Dr. C. J. Pao.

H. E. Sir Thomas Rutherford, Governor of Bengal had sent a message to the meeting.

Expressing good wishes on behalf of the people of the Province for the future greatness and prosperity of the Chinese nation, the Governor said: "India desires the co-operation of China and profers to China the hand of friendship and assistance."

DEAL FINAL BLOW TO JAPAN

"As a result of recent favourable developments on both the European and Asiatic fronts, the final victory of the United Nations is rapidly approaching", says the Chief of Staff of the Chinese Army and Minister for War, Gen. Ho Ying-Chin, in a message issued on Chinese National Day, celebrating "the 32nd anniversary of the liberation of the Chinese people and the establishment of the Chinese Republic."

FAR EAST SITUATION

Referring to the Far East, the General said: The sooner the United Nations can deal the final blow to Japan, the sooner can we bring the total defeat of the aggressor nation."

In the post-war political and economic reconstruction, China will cooperate fully with all friendly powers."

IN LONDON

LONDON: The thirty-second anniversary of China's National Day was celebrated throughout Britain to-day.

In a church service recorded in Chungking and broadcast by the B. B. C. the Rt. Rev. W. Y. Chen, General Secretary of the National Christian Council of China, urged the democracies to dedicate themselves to the building of a new international order of mutual understanding and friendliness and helpfulness "not by might nor by power but by the spirit of the Lord."

An appeal by Lady Cripps, President of the United Aid to China Fund, and "Aid to China" concert by the London Philharmonic Orchestra were also broadcast.

WALLACE'S TRIBUTES TO CHINA

WASHINGTON: The United States Vice-President Mr. Henry A. Wallace in a speech tonight on the thirty second anniversary of Chinese Independence praised China for its long and courageous resistance to Fascism. For every American casualty in this war 34 Chinese have suffered death or wounding.

AT CHUNGKING

CHUNGKING, Oct. 10

This week China is celebrating the 32nd anniversary of its independence—the overthrow in October, 1911, of the Manchu Dynasty.

A month ago the Kuomintang promised that, within a year after Japan is defeated, a People's Congress will be called to adopt China's permanent constitution. Thus the final stage of the new Government, which was interrupted in 1937 by Japan's world ambitions, will be resumed as soon as victory is won.—USOWI.

ALLIES OCCUPY REKATA

NEW YORK, Oct 10: The Berlin radio broadcasting a Tokyo despatch said that Japanese naval aircraft bombed Rekata on Santa Isabel island thus indicating that Allied forces had occupied the island.—Reuter.

U. S. PLANES BOMB GIALEM DROME

CHUNGKING, Oct. 10: American bombers dropped 20 tons of bombs on Gialem aerodrome on Friday without loss. They probably destroyed a number of Japanese planes in hangars, it is announced by Gen. Stilwell's headquarters.—Reuter.

GROWN INTO A MIGHTY TREE

Justice Lokur's Tribute To Sangit Vidyalaya Founded By Abdul Karim Khan

A gathering was held at the Besant Hall in Blavatsky Lodge, Chowpatty, on Friday evening, to celebrate the silver jubilee of the Saraswati Sangit Vidyalaya, founded by late Khan Saheb Abdul Karimkhan, when Hon. Mr. Justice N. S. Lokur presided.

At the outset Mr. Jaswant Mehta in his reception address narrated the history of the Vidyalaya which was founded by that Great Indian musician, Abdul Karimkhan, at Belgaum and which was subsequently transferred to Bombay, and it had during the 25 years imparted training in Indian music on a scientific basis to a large number of persons.

Smti. Rannaben Mehta then entertained the audience with some pieces of Indian music rendered scientifically. After Smti. Kusumbai Godambe had presented some 'ragas', pupils of the Vidyalaya went through a programme of music and garbas.

Hon. Mr. Justice Lokur after paying a meed of praise to Abdul Karim Khan said that the seed sown by that great musician had grown into a mighty tree now. Music he said was a divine art and the more it spread the better it would be for the country. He hoped when music was given its due place in the curricula of the University the latter would give pride of place to this institution.

Shri Kapileshwari Buva, who is straining every nerve to make the institution grow in popularity after the demise of Abdul Karimkhan, thanked Bombayites for their patronage and hoped they would continue to lend their co-operation with the Vidyalaya. Menkabai of Hyderabad then regaled the audience with choice music.

Sir Sultan Ahmed will open the War Exhibition of Defence Services on October 23 at Indore. He will return to Delhi on October 25.—A. P.

U-BOATS SMASHED

Convoy Battle In Atlantic

LONDON, Oct. 9.

It is officially announced that during the four and half day convoy battle in the Atlantic last month, Allied warships sank or damaged more U-boats than the convoy had lost in the merchantships.—Reuter.

GRAVITY OF U-BOAT WARFARE

LONDON, Oct. 10.

A joint statement from the Prime Minister Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt on U-boat warfare issued early to-day said: "Until the third week of September, no Allied merchant ship was lost by German U-boat attack. Then on September 19, U-boats ended a four months lull in the North Atlantic and a pack of at least 15 U-boats concentrated on a west bound convoy. The combat lasted four and a half days. The loss of three escort vessels has already been announced. A small number of merchantships were sunk but as a result of vigorous counter-attacks by surface and air escorts a larger number of U-boats were sunk or damaged. In spite of the increase in U-boat activity at the end of the month, the average merchantship losses from all causes in September and August together are the best record of the war. Nevertheless this resumption of pack tactics is evidence of enemy's intentions to spare no efforts to turn the tide of U-boat war and utmost exertion will be required before its menace is finally removed."

U. S. Naval Casualties

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.

United States Naval casualties since the start of war total 11,722 dead, 5,376 wounded, 9,169 missing and 4,194 prisoners.—Reuter.

BRITISH DESTROYER LOST

LONDON, Oct. 9.

The British destroyer "Intrepid" has been lost, it is officially announced to-night.—Reuter.

THEY NEED FOOD

Bengal's Starving Millions look to you for immediate succour.

Send your mite to Seth Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, Hon. Treasurer, Bengal Relief Fund, 1, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

R. A. F. BOMBS BERLIN

LONDON, October 10: An Air Ministry communique' announced: "Last night "Mosquitoes" of the Bomber Command attacked targets in Berlin. None of our aircraft is missing."

91 GERMAN FIGHTERS DESTROYED

Ninety-one German Fighters were destroyed and 25 probably destroyed by bombers in the big United States raid on Germany and Poland. Twenty-nine bombers are missing.

From the headquarters of United States Air Forces: "Formations which attacked the aircraft component factory at Anklam, where a large percentage of parts for Fockwulfes are turned out, were intercepted by enemy fighters in the first part of their penetration. Enemy aircraft made repeated and vicious attack on the "Fortresses" and followed them for the greater part of their way home.

Brigadier General Frederick L. Anderson commanding the 8th Bomber Command said: "To-day should mark the finish of the Hun's belief that he can move out of the range of our bombers. Major aerial opposition of the past two days must have demonstrated to every German that no corner of his fatherland is safe from heavy bombardment."

U. S. PLANES RAID EAST PRUSSIA

From Reuter's Special Correspondent: The virtual destruction of the huge Fockewulf assembly plant at Marienburg in East Prussia 200 miles beyond Berlin, was announced today by Brig.-Gen. Fred Anderson, Commanding the Eighth Air Force Bomber Command upon the basis of photographs taken during yesterday's attack by United States planes. At the Polish Port of Gdynia, the 550-feet German liner 'Stuttgart' and three other ships were set on fire. At Anklam, north of Berlin, an aircraft component factory was severely damaged and at Danzig, the large Baltic Port, bombs struck oil storage tanks, buildings, stores, dumps and railway communications.

DAYLIGHT ATTACK ON W. GERMANY

LONDON, Oct. 10: United States bombers made a daylight attack on Western Germany today.

Parsis Beat Europeans

KARACHI, Oct. 10.

In the Sind Pentangular first round the Parsis won the match by defeating the Europeans by 241 runs to-day. Parsis 196 and 204 for nine wickets declared and Europeans 84 and 75.—A. P.

Situation In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 10.

The night passed off peacefully. There was however one incident of stabbing reported this morning. The total number of deaths so far recorded is three and injured 26.—A.P.

NAZIS EVACUATE TAMAN PENINSULA

Berlin Reports Fresh Soviet Attacks Near Melitopol

MOSCOW, October 10.

The Germans have completely evacuated Taman, Marshal Stalin said in an Order of the Day.

BERLIN: The German Communique to-day says: "Near and north of Melitopol the enemy after bringing up fresh forces resumed his attacks. The enemy used strong infantry anti-tank formations."

20,000 Nazis Killed

A supplement to the Soviet Communique states in the liberation of Taman peninsula it is so far known that over 20,000 Germans were killed and 3,000 Germans were taken prisoners.

NAZIS WITHDRAW

The German News Agency stated tonight that on the north-eastern flank of the Nevel are the German lines have been 'taken back' owing to superior Russian pressure.

The general situation was summed up by the 'Izvestia's' frontline correspondent today: "Our men are standing firmly on the right bank of the Dnieper liberating one village after another and making inroads to the west."

On the right bank of the Dneiper in one sector Soviet troops repulsing German counter-attacks disabled or destroyed 28 German tanks and wiped out over 1,000 Germans. Soviet mobile detachments occupied two German strong points. Thirty-six German planes were shot down in air combat.

In the Vitebsk direction the Red Army took the town of Liozno 600 Germans were killed. In the Nevel area Soviet troops continued their offensive. Soviet troops (Guards' Units) repelled enemy counter-attacks and occupied 24 inhabited localities.

STAGE SET FOR THREE-POWER CONFERENCE

LONDON, Oct. 10.

All is ready for the Three-Power Conference to start as soon as Mr. Eden, Mr. Cordell Hull and their delegations arrive in Moscow.

The Conference is expected to last from eight to ten days. Each Government has independently drawn up its own list of subjects which it proposes to raise and has communicated this to the two other Governments. Moreover, as a result of close consultation through diplomatic channels during the recent weeks, all the three parties have been acquainted with each other's point of view on the problems to be discussed and have thus been enabled to work out their own suggestions for a solution. In short, the preparation of the Conference has been as thorough as possible.—Reuter.

11 ACCUSED ACQUITTED IN NIPANI SABOTAGE CASE

BELGAUM, Oct. 9.

In the Nipani Sabotage Case in which all 37 accused were declared not guilty by the jury on September 25, judgment was delivered to-day by Mr. Phadkar, Additional Sessions Judge, Belgaum.

He agreed with the jury's verdict and acquitted 11 of them while he disagreed with their verdict in regard to the remaining 26 accused and referred their case to the Bombay High Court for Decision.

WARDHA BAN LIFTED

WARDHA, Oct. 9: Six persons who were under detention under D. I. R. have been released unconditionally.

The order banning meetings and processions has been withdrawn.

One person working in Sewagram Ashram has been detained under the D. I. R.—A. P.

EX-MINISTER RELEASED

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 10.—Mr. Shambhajirao Gokhale, ex-Revenue Minister, has been released from the Jubbulpore Jail after fourteen months' detention owing to illness.—United Press.

Leaders Must Be Released

Br. T. U. C. Chief's Plea For Formation Of National Govt. In India

LONDON, Oct. 9.

The people of Britain want action to bring about a big change in India, declared the Trade Union leader Mr. William Dobbie to-day.

"This famine sweeping India is man made," he said in a statement on the Delegate Conference on India which the India League is holding to-morrow with Mr. Dobbie in the chair.

"It is very largely the result of administrative chaos and muddle and refusal of administrators to obtain that co-operation of the people. At the same time, India is threatened by a cunning and powerful enemy on her border.

The people are the defence against Fascism. We of these islands, people of the Soviet Union and China have demonstrated it in recent years. In India on the other hand, we follow the reverse policy, a tragic mistake which has borne bitter fruit in the present horrible conditions and is a political debacle which is harmful to the people of India and Britain alike. The people of Britain have a responsibility for pressing for an immediate settlement, reversal of Mr. Amery's policy, release of prisoners and the establishment of a National Government. They should demand sending to India food grain and medical supplies by sea and air. The British Government must release shipping for this and air transport must be made available. The United States and our Government bear the responsibility not only to India but to world opinion in this matter."

The conference will consider resolutions on famine, deadlock negotiations and National Government, and a campaign in this country for a settlement.—Reuter.

ARAB FEDERATION

CAIRO, Oct. 10: Nahas Pasha has received a message of thanks from King Ibn Saud for the invitation for a Saudi Arabian Envoy to visit Egypt to discuss Arab Federation and congratulating the Egyptian Premier on his efforts in behalf of unity, adding his best wishes for its successful conclusion.

Sheik Yassin, who is delegated to represent King Ibn Saud, is due in Cairo today and he will go direct to Alexandria for the talks. During the absence of Prince Faisal in the United States Sheik Yassin has been given the status of Foreign Minister.

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All-India Weather

POONA. October 10.

Following is the weather-chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at 9 hours on 6-10-43.

Allahabad 94 79 0; Bombay nil; Calcutta 95 78 T; Cawnpore 93 74 0; Cuttack 92 78 0; Darjeeling nil; Delhi 95 69 0; Dehra Dun 86 64 0; Jacobabad 103 74 0; Karachi 85 74 0; Lahore 98 64 0; Lucknow 94 74 0; Madras 88 74 6.1; Nagpur 92 73 0; Patna 93 80 0; Peshawar 92 65 0; Shillong 76 58 0; Simla 71 54 0.—A. P.

"Swaraj is my birth-right and I will have it".

—TILAK.

The Bombay Chronicle

ANOTHER RUSSIAN SURPRISE

There is nothing new in the Russians springing a military surprise on friends and foes. But the latest surprise is extraordinary in its unexpectedness and scale. The enemy was preparing to enjoy a badly needed respite and friends had resigned themselves to a prolonged lull when the Russians suddenly launched an offensive on the widest front yet, a front of 900 miles. According to military precedents and the apparent facts of the situation even positional fighting of any important significance had become virtually out of the question. Here are the Russians on the move again, having produced men, material and ability to defy the weather like a conjuror's rabbits. But these "rabbits" are threatening the whole of the German front and Hitler's winter plans. If the offensive succeeds Hitler will have to go back in the north, centre and south, too, almost from where he started in June, 1941.

The offensive has great possibilities even without strategic military assistance by Russia's allies. And if this assistance—which does not mean a mere extension of the air offensive—is forthcoming, Hitler and his Nazis may presently have cause to feel perturbed over the imminence of something much worse than retreat to the second defence line of the alleged European Fortress. Meanwhile the war on the diplomatic front is rapidly taking on a more intensive form. There are all sorts of reports, suggestions and rumours that the Nazis are working for a separate peace either with Russia or, failing that, with Russia's allies and that they are trying to disrupt the unity of the United Nations. We do not think the Germans can now win any separate peace with any party. It is now too late. But the developments, as reported by the press and the news agencies, in this "war" should be watched with keen interest for many reasons.

Cloth Control

Next to food is clothing as a necessary of life, and any saving effected in respect of the latter through lowered prices should enable many to obtain a little more or better food where it is available at all for any price. The public will, therefore, warmly welcome the Textile Commissioner's announcement to lower the maximum prices of more varieties of cloth than was attempted in August. In that month ceiling prices were announced for the best quality in each case of twelve popular varieties of cloth and yarn. The Commissioner has now extended this to cover all varieties of cloth and yarn by notifying that ceiling prices for all such other varieties should be in conformity with those fixed for the 12 already notified and that sales of any variety of cloth or yarn above the prices so determined will be an offence. The exact lowered prices have not yet been announced. But Mr. Krishnaraj M. D. Thackersey, Chairman of the Textile Control Board, stated at a Press Conference held in the city last week that the market prices for cotton piecegoods would drop by at least thirty per cent. The revised prices would be fixed before November 15, and the ex-mill prices as well as the retail ones will be stamped on each piece of cloth and each bundle of yarn so that the consumer will be in a position to know after December 1 the exact price he has to pay. The question of prices, it is understood, will be reviewed at the end of every quarter in the light of the circumstances prevailing.

These decisions are a notable advance in the system of price control and suggest that the system has succeeded well so far. It may be assumed that in fixing the new prices the millowners have been consulted and their legitimate profits have been safeguarded. In reply to a question at the Press Conference Mr. Thackersey said that the revised prices would cut into the mills' profits; but any further reduction thereafter could only be effected by undermining the strength of the industry. If fair profits, enough to maintain the strength of the industry, have been ensured in spite of the expected drop in prices of 30 per cent, it follows that so far the millowners have extorted from the consumers at least 30 per cent profit.

Apart from profit the lowered prices suggest that the stocks available are ample. It is said that the stocks disclosed by the returns made under the Control Order of July last amount to 2,700 million yards of cloth and 215 million pounds of yarn. The current mill production is also said to be higher than at any time before. Altogether cloth control measures have succeeded well so far and one feels that drastic measures applied to foodstuffs may also succeed as well, if adopted in consultation with the representatives of the producers, traders and consumers.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Massive Portent

What is described as a "massive" and "spectacular" raid was carried out on Saturday last by Britain-based American "heavies" over Pomerania—the German province bordering the Baltic States—Poland and East Prussia. It made history in the sense that American bombers penetrated not only deeper into, but actually to the eastern border of Germany flying in day light over defended territory through no less than 1,000 miles, only 400 miles from the present Russo-German front. This thousand mile or rather two thousand mile flight was not only a massive and spectacular raid. It is also a massive and spectacular portent. It proves that no German or German occupied territory is now safe from Britain and Italian based Allied bombers even in daylight. It opens up tremendous possibilities including, perhaps, for the Germans a terrible shuttle service between Britain and Italy and Russia.

No Conversion, Please

Some well-known religious institutions are understood to have collected a large number of orphaned children in Bengal and to be providing for them. This humanitarian work is beyond all praise, and we hope it will not be marred by any attempt to proselytise them. Starving children may be got to say or do anything in return for food but it would be mean to take advantage of their helplessness and ignorance in any attempt to convert them. When they are old enough they will be free to retain or change their ancestral faith or do without any exclusive creed. The mere fact that certain persons have been extremely kind to the orphans is no argument at all in favour of the latter even voluntarily accepting the former's faith.

Late Mr. M. K. Azad

The death of Mr. M. K. Azad will be mourned by a large circle of friends in Bombay and outside. Mr. Azad was one of the senior members of the Bombay Bar, having joined it thirty years ago. He was an acute and experienced criminal lawyer and though he practised in Bombay his services were frequently in demand in courts outside Bombay. Early in life he took an active part in politics and had he continued doing so he would have become one of the leading figures in our public life. He was man of culture, a brilliant conversationalist and a charming host. He will long be missed by his numerous friends.

KHADI WORTH LAKH AND HALF SOLD

Record Figure For Gandhi Jayanti Celebration

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Fifteen thousand citizens entered the thirteen centres of the All India Spinners' Association in Bombay and suburbs to-day, as votaries of the Charkha and swelled the ranks of khadi-wearers, on the last day of the Gandhi Jayanti. Bombay set up a record this year by a sale of Khadi in the neighbourhood of one lakh and a half. The figures had reached Rs. one lakh seven thousand by Saturday evening. The Sunday sales at the Kalbadevi branch of the A. I. S. A. reached Rs. twenty thousand. Khadi worth over Rs. five thousand was sold in the remaining branches.

Desha Sevikas and volunteers spread the message of the charkha from house to house in several wards of the city and helped the consumption of stocks valued at 4 lakhs which had been imported into the city. The thirteen centres of the A. I. S. A. had made special arrangements for the sale of different varieties of hand woven and silk cloth Khadi spun out of yarn supplied by Bombay spinners was a speciality at every Bhandar.

On the last day of the Jayanti, thousands of people poured into the Kalbadevi Khadi Bhandar to offer khadi garlands at "Bapu's hut" constructed out of hand-spun yarn and enshrining a portrait of Gandhiji. Just over a thousand persons made an offering of a hank each of homespun khadi at Kalbadevi.

During the Jayanti celebrations, non-stop spinning was in progress at many centres in the city. The Gujarati Seva Mandal of Matunga, the Keraliya Samaj and the South Indian Association organised 'bhajans' every evening and non-stop spinning for 75 hours at the Jain Boarding School Hall at Matunga.

Mushaira For Bengal Relief

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A sum of over Rs. 8,500 was raised in aid of Bengal and Bijapur Relief Fund at a grand 'Mushaira' of Urdu poets of All-India fame held under the auspices of the Young Men's Muslim Association at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall this afternoon. Mr. Osman Sobani presiding.

About 40 poets from all over India of different communities participated in the Mushaira and nearly all the compositions which were recited by their respective authors were highly appreciated. Among the prominent poets of All-India fame who took part were Allama Natique, Arzu, Seemab, Mahirul Qadri, Josh, Sagar and Mehshar Amrohi.

PESHAWAR, Oct. 10.—An election petition has been filed against Khan Mahomed Ayub Khan who was returned to the Frontier Assembly from the Suddam Constituency on League ticket in the last by-election. A deposit of Rs. 1,000 has also been made along with the petition.—United Press.

How Gandhiji Foresaw Present Food Crisis

The following article by Mahatma Gandhi was published in the "Harijan" of January, 25, 1942. Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas in a statement issued from Simla on Thursday suggests that Government may very usefully get this article widely distributed all over India in the various languages of each province, because he is convinced that this appeal from the Mahatma, if brought to the notice of the Indian public on a sufficiently wide scale all over India, will do more good than any preaching by any other association, society or individual:

The following are extracts from the article:—

OVER-INDULGENCE BY WELL-TO-DO

The greatest need of the immediate present is to feed the hungry and clothe the naked. There is already scarcity in the land both of food and clothing. As the war progresses, both the scarcities must increase. There are no imports from outside, either of food-stuff or of cloth. The well-to-do may not feel the pinch as yet or at all, but the poor are feeling it now. The well-to-do live on the poor. There is no other way. What is then their duty? He who saves gains as much, that is to say he produces as much. Hence those who feel for the poor, those who would be one with them must curtail their wants. There are many ways. I shall only mention some here. There is much, too much food eaten and wasted by the well-to-do.

Use one grain at a time. Chapati, rice, and pulses, milk, ghee, 'gud' and oil are used in ordinary households besides vegetables and fruit. I regard this as an unhealthy combination. Those who get animal protein in the shape of milk, cheese, eggs or meat need not use pulses at all. The poor people get only vegetable protein. If the well-to-do give up pulses and oils, they set free these two essentials for the poor who get neither animal protein nor animal fat. Then the grain eaten should not be sloppy. Half the quantity suffices when it is eaten dry and not dipped in any gravy. It is well to eat it with raw salads such as onion, carrot, radish, salad leaves, tomatoes. An ounce or two of salads serves the purpose of eight ounces of cooked vegetables. Chapatis or bread should not be eaten with milk. To begin with, one meal may be raw vegetables and chapati or bread, and the other cooked vegetables with milk or curds.

Sweet dishes should be eliminated altogether. Instead 'gud' or sugar in small quantities may be taken with milk or bread or by itself.

Fresh fruit is good to eat, but only a little is necessary to give tone to the system. It is an expensive article, and an over-indulgence by the well-to-do has deprived the poor and the ailing of an article which they need much more than the well-to-do.

Any medical man who has studied the science of dietetics will certify that what I have suggested can do no harm to the body, on the contrary it must conduce to better health.

This is only one way of saving food-stuff. It is obvious. But by itself it cannot produce much visible effect.

GRAIN-DEALERS MUST SHED GREED

Grain-dealers have to shed their greed and the habit of making as much profit as possible. They must be satisfied with as little as possible. They run the risk of being looted, if they do not gain the credit of being keepers of grain for the sake of the poor. They should be in touch with the people in their neighbourhood. Congressmen have to visit grain-dealers within their beat and give them the message of the time.

By far the most important part of the work consists in educating the villagers to keep what they have and to induce cultivation of fresh crops wherever water is available. This requires wide-spread and intelligent propaganda. It is not generally known that bananas, potatoes, beetroot yam and 'suran', and in a measure pumpkin are a food crop easily grown. They can take the place of bread in time of need.

There is no scarcity of money. There may be grain available but no money to buy it with. There is no money because there is no employment. This has to be found. Spinning is the readiest and the handiest. But local needs may supply other sources of labour. Every available source has to be tapped so that there is no want of employment. Only the lazy ones need and must starve. Patient handling will induce even this class to shed their laziness.

DEATH OF MR. M. K. AZAD

WELL-KNOWN CRIMINAL LAWYER

The "Bombay Chronicle" regrets to announce the death, which occurred at Bellasis Road, of Mr. Mohiuddin Khan Azad, Bar-at-Law, a well-known criminal lawyer of Bombay Mr. Azad who was born in 1888 received his education in the M. A. O. College Aligarh. He then proceeded to England where he was called to the bar in 1913. Returning to Bombay he began his practice and soon attained a name as a good criminal lawyer He had an extensive mofussil practice and his services were also often requisitioned by clients in the Central Provinces and Hyderabad (Deccan). Mr. Azad was President of the Aligarh Old Boy's Association of the Province and about a year ago he was elected Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Jame Masjid of the city. Mr. Azad took a prominent part in politics during the days of Home Rule agitation, being one of the earliest and most active members of the Home Rule League. He was also a member of the Indian National Congress and the All-India Muslim League, but in recent years he had ceased associating himself with political movements. His funeral which took place on Sunday night was largely attended, among those present being the Hon. Mr. M. C. Chagla, Messrs. B. G. Horniman, S. A. Brelvi, Osman Sobani and N. G. Nadkarni, Dr. Nazir Ahmed and Messrs. Thanawala, R. P. Munshi and Kaiser Ahmed. The Ziarat ceremony will take place at 10-15 p. m. to-night at Shakoor Building adjoining Nagpur Police Station.

National Council Of Women In India

Mrs. Kamala S. Dongerkery writes: "I would invite your attention to the inaccurate title given to the note appearing under my name on page 10 of the "Bombay Chronicle Weekly" of October 10th. The collections to be made on Tuesday the 12th referred to in my note have no connection with the "Women's Rupee Fund" of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council. They are being made by the National Council of Women in India for bringing immediate relief to the areas affected by distress, and the National Council hopes and wishes to collect from the public as large sums as possible.

BENGALI CHILDREN SUFFER MOST

Vijayalakshmi Pandit's Impressions Of Tour

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 10.

Interviewed by the "Associated Press" on her return from tour of Calcutta and other famine-stricken districts in Bengal, Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, president of the All-India Women's Conference told a very sad story.

"I could never have imagined unless I had visited these places" she said, "that things had come to such a miserable pass. Children are the worst sufferers. I was told stories of parents having sold their sons and daughters only for a handful of rice."

Asked if she thought the situation would improve within a few months, she replied that she did not think this possible and said that even after the situation had come under control, the injury to children would remain and it would require years to build up their bodies. "A difficult problem for us will be the question of dealing with these homeless children."

CHILDREN'S HOMES

Mrs Pandit said that she had already started about half a dozen children's homes in Calcutta and districts under the auspices of the All-India Women's Conference, where these destitute children would be fed and clothed and later, when the situation improved, it was proposed to introduce a scheme of foster-parents, such as Britain adopted during the Spanish war for the refugee children from Spain.

Under this scheme people will be requested to adopt children. They will give a monthly allowance for the maintenance and up-bringing of these children, who will live in the homes from where they come. The education and upbringing of these children will be carried out according to the wishes of their foster parents. The scheme should work out well, thought Mrs. Pandit, who felt that there were many people who could afford to support some children. This would also introduce a certain personal element in the children's lives which would prove valuable.

DON'T REMOVE THEM FROM BENGAL

Mrs. Pandit was against the idea of removing these destitute children from Bengal. They belong to Bengal, she said, and they must be maintained and brought up in that province.

Mrs. Pandit regretted that Government help in granting facilities for transport and also for supplying controlled grain should have been so much delayed in spite of assurances to the country.

The situation was deteriorating with such rapidity that she felt that it had almost reached a stage when even full support and help from the Central and Provincial Governments could not save Bengal.

TOLL OF DEATH

The Director of Public Information states that on October 8 there were 51 admissions of sick destitutes in the Campbell Hospital and 130 in the Behala A.R.P. Hospital. There were 14 deaths in the Campbell Hospital, 34 in the Behala Hospital, 2 in the Kamarhatty Hospital, 2 in the Lake Club Hospital, 5 in Suresh Chandra Road Hospital and 2 in the Lee Memorial Eliot Road Hospital.

91 DEATHS IN FIVE WEEKS

DACCA: Forty-two 'starvation' cases have been admitted into the emergency ward of the Mitford Hospital in the last one week (October 2 to 8). The total number of such admissions in the ward, in the last five weeks since September 4 is now 442. Of these 91 died after admission, 60 have been discharged and 8 have absconded.—A. P.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Wonders never cease, for Mr. Herbert Morrison has discovered the British Empire and some of its problems. Some political friends do not forgive Mr. Morrison for his pacific attitude during the Great War when he refused cadet training facilities in London's parks. Surely there is more joy over a sinner who repenteth—and he is a great little man.

—London Correspondent of the "Times of India."

* * *

Thus the "Times" of London on the food crisis in India: "There seems to have been a lamentable lack of foresight all round....."

Hence Indians are unfit to govern themselves and the British must continue to carry the heavy burden. Q.E.D

* * *

According to a New Delhi press 'communique', units of the Indian Army "are operating with Allied forces on the Italian mainland."

In order, it goes without saying, to help Italians win their freedom and to rid Europe of Hitler the enemy of democracy and equality of nations and peoples.

What is even more profoundly stirring is the information that these liberating units include Indian State forces, too.

* * *

Romantic correspondents with the Fifth Army, or rather Reuters tell us that it was at Capua on the Volturno that Hannibal, the Carthagian general, wintered over 2000 years ago.

We are, of course, thrilled by this discovery of ancient history. But all the same we do hope the Allied General doesn't winter there.

* * *

A contemporary reproduces the dictum of Sir William Beveridge, the famous Security planner of Britain, to the effect that "freedom from want cannot be forced on a democracy or given to a democracy. It must be won."

Thus the question of freedom from want doesn't arise in India for the present.

* * *

A British paper criticising American and British neglect of China says: "From being the pet of the United Nations, China has become a Cindrella."

When, in the name of history was China the pet of the United Nations?

* * *

The Russians have not only launched an unexpected offensive on an unexpected scale but are also reported to be making "excellent progress" in a number of vital sectors.

But personally we regard all this as chiefly propaganda unless it is unconfirmed that the Germans have considerately withdrawn without having road-blocks and demolitions, etc.

* * *

According to the London "Daily Mail's" Madrid correspondent, after the recent meeting between Dr. Salazar and the Jap Ambassador in Lisbon, the Japs immediately ordered the burning of confidential paper, etc.

You feel excited, don't you? You wouldn't if you know the London "Daily Mail."

* * *

Mathematics was certainly not John's strong point, and at the examination he was set a problem as follows:

"If one horse can run one mile in a minute and a half, and another horse can do the same distance in two minutes, how far would the first horse be ahead if they ran a race of two miles at their respective speeds?"

John worried over this for sometime and then thought a way out.

"I regret to say", he wrote, "that I cannot deal with this problem, as my parents have always told me never to have anything to do with horse-racing in any form."

BENGAL DEATH RATE BOUND TO MOUNT UP

Scene In Front Of Calcutta's Smartest Eating House

(By D. F. KARAKA. "Chronicle" Special Correspondent)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.

Outside Firpo, which is the smartest eating house in the town, a large group of spectators had gathered to watch a man lying on the pavement in a state of complete exhaustion, naked except for a loin cloth, and so emaciated that every rib and bone was perceptible to the naked eye.

BEYOND FOUR FREEDOMS

An ambulance appeared on the scene and carried him away.

Inside Firpo's that morning was the usual crowd of lunchers, including Americans wearing the China-Burma-India badge, conscious of being defenders of the Four Freedoms, I suppose. But the man lying half unconscious on the pavement would never live to enjoy these Freedoms. Of that they were sure.

This is but a common scene here. Elsewhere that same morning in crowded Bow Bazaar a little girl had died on the pavement within sight of a crowd of over 100. When someone tried to help her she asked to be left alone and allowed to die. When one looked at her and thought of the wrangling House of Commons, the wrangling Bengal Assembly and the wrangling debates on the food situation all over the place and Mr. Amery saying that Indians were overeating, one felt the bitterness in one's soul that we had been reduced as a nation to a state so low as this.

MOUNTING DEATH RATE

These deaths are gradually mounting in numbers and it is expected that within three to four weeks when resistance of the people had run out the death rate will mount even higher.

Already numbers of men and women who are completely crippled by hunger must be written off as the living dead. With all the food in the world they will never be able to recover. The tissues of their bodies have been damaged beyond repair and neither food, science nor medicine can bring them back to normal.

A reliable report reaches here of a man in Midnapore who fainted at the sight of food. The shock and excitement was so great that he died after taking the first morsel

NEED OF ALL-PARTIES GOVT.

After close consultation with all shades of political opinion I feel certain that no one-party Ministry can prove successful in Bengal at the present. It must be a joint effort with full backing of the Paramount Power, who must regard the situation in Bengal as akin to the war situation.

I understand from well-informed sources that the Opposition is willing to join hands with the present Ministry for solving the food situaton. But the gesture must naturally come from the present Government.

CHANGE OF FOOD CHIEFS

The present Minister of Civil Supplies is an Oxford-returned Muslim Leaguer Mr. Suhrawardy. I had a brief, uninspiring interview with him.

The main points Mr. Suhrawardy made were that all this time he could get nothing from Government of India to distribute!

The imposition by the Government of India on other Provinces charging them to give surplus stocks of food grains to deficit areas had not been implemented. The basic plan of March, 1943, had not been carried out.

Asked if he believed there was hoarding Mr. Suhrawardy said emphatically "No." This is a strange reply in view of the statement and pamphlets issued by him at the time of taking over charge, when he repeatedly stressed there was no need of panic because there was food in abundance in the Province, though hoarded. When the Punjab Wheat Commissioner made the allegation at the Rotary Club that the Bengal Government had made 40 lakhs of profit out of wheat sent by the Punjab Mr. Suhurawardy answered that it was due to miscalculation. Such is the deplorable state of administration here. A change of Food Chiefs here is definitely indicated.

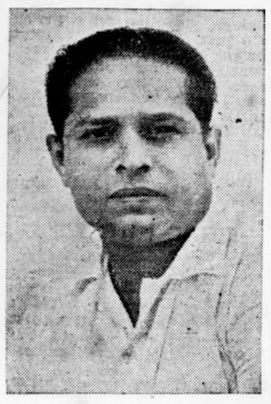
Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

BREAKING THE RECORDS FOR LIFE INSURANCE

Affiliated General Assurance Co., Opens With Business Of 15 Lakhs

It is a remarkable achievement in the annals of Life Insurance business in India that a company which obtained the certificate of registration for transacting life insurance on 30th August, 1943.

MR. S. A. AHMAD
Chairman of the function and Vice-President of the Company.



SETH CHINUBHAI LALBHAI,
President of the Company.

secured business of not less than 15 lacs within the comparatively short period of one month. Such is the achievement of the Affiliated General Assurance Co., Ltd., which was inaugurated on the 7th October, 1943 at Havabai Mansion, Old Custom House Road.

This record is all the more

MR. LALJIBHAI THAKKAR,
Managing Director of the Company.

striking when it is remembered that the company has had to face very adverse conditions. On 10th March, 1943, when it was registered, it was the intention of the promoters to start with a paid-up capital of 15 lacs, so that the company could straightway operate in all branches of insurance, but subsequently restrictions were imposed by the Government of India for the issue of new capital under the Defence of India Rules, and the company had to be satisfied with collecting just enough capital to start life business only.

The second obstacle was the objection taken against "Associated General Assurance Co., Ltd." in which name it was originally registered, and after some delay it was decided to change the name to the Affiliated General Assurance Co., Ltd.

Each one of the Directors of the Affiliated General Assurance Co., Ltd., has at the outset helped the company to establish itself by taking out insurance policies in his own name. Thus out of the total business of 15 lacs, the Directors, the Officers of the Company and the members of the Staff have contributed a substantial volume of business without incurring any cost of procuration, or agent's commission.

Seth Chinubhai Lalbhai, Chairman of the Board of Directors, said in the opening remarks of his speech, he had decided views on the part played by Insurance Companies towards the economic prosperity of the State.

MR. A. H. SHEIKH,
General Manager of the Company.

Whilst the other Directors have taken out policies of a lac of rupees each on their names, Mr. S. A. Ahmed, Vice-Chairman has taken out a policy for two lacs. Incidentally, it may be mentioned that the opening ceremony on the 7th October was performed by him.

Mr. Laljibhai J. Thakkar, Managing Director, has a very long experience in the Insurance line and his ability will be very advantageous to the future of the company. This equally applies to his associate Mr. Ajaz Sheikh, General Manager of the Company, whose zeal and wide knowledge of complex problems are bound to prove a valuable asset to the Company.

PLEA FOR MORE SUGAR FOR DIVALI

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have addressed a communication to the Government of Bombay on the question of the necessity for increasing the present basis of Sugar Ration in the City and the Suburbs.

GET RID OF YOUR PILES
Be fit again by using
HAEMOVIN
THE BRITISH SUBSTITUTE FOR HADENSA
Ask your Chemist or Phone 22904

Memon's Aid To Bengal

The undermentioned sums have been sent to Sir Azizul Haque and the Bengal Muslim Chamber of Commerce through Mr. Osman Sobani, President of the Cutchi Memon Jamat, Bombay:—

Haji Karim Mohomed Sulaiman Trust Rs 1,001; Haji Ismail Habib (Bunder Trust) Rs 251; Haji Hazoom Sidik Trust Rs 251; Muslim Merchants of Zakaria Bazar Bombay has 2,872. Total Rs. 4,375.

CHARITY SHOW: The Secretary, 'Aikya Sangh' Bombay, writes: in aid of Bengal a public cinema show has been arranged of 'Aurat' of National Studio on Sunday Oct 17 at 10 a.m. in the Imperial Cinema.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Oct. 9.
October 20.58, December 20.24, January 20.20, March 20.09, Middling Spot 21.20.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Oct. 9.
October 20.57, December 20.52, January 20.44, March 20.36, Middling Spot 20.32.

Indian Shipping Companies Protest Against Proposed Measure Of Control

Indian Exporters Put At Serious Disadvantage: Discrimination Deprecated: Unity Of Control Urged

The following joint letter, dated 5th October, has been addressed to the Government of India, Department of Commerce by the 8 Indian Shipping Companies viz., (1) The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., (2) The Bombay Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., (3) The Eastern Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., (4) The Ratnagar Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., (5) Shree Ambika Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., (6) The Kalamarsund Company, (7) The Merchant Steam Navigation Co., (8) The Indian Co-operative Navigation & Trading Co., Ltd., re: Control over ships on the Indian Register.

We are in receipt of your letter No. 160-M. I. W. (3)|43 of the 29th ultimo on the subject of control over ships on the Indian Register, in reply to the telegram sent to the Honourable the Commerce Member, by the nine Indian shipping companies, on the 15th September, and the subsequent letters addressed by some of them to you in the same matter. We appreciate the conciliatory tone of your letter, and are gratified to learn, that the Government "acknowledge with gratitude the wholehearted co-operation which such owners have all along extended to them in the carriage of priority cargoes and in numerous other ways."

2. You have been pleased to tell us, that the control measures, taken by the Government of India, are intended "to ensure the co-ordinated employment of available ships on both the Indian and the British Registers plying in Indian waters", and you further add, that the measure of control, exercised over ships on the British Register, is "considerably more stringent than the control which the licensing system would exercise over unrequisitioned ships on the Indian Register", and consequently the new system of control will have "no adverse effect on Indian shipping interests vis-a-vis British shipping interests." You then state that "the criticism that British registered ships are placed in an advantageous position" as contended by us, "is not, therefore, correct."

FULL QUOTAS NOT CARRIED

3. We have, however, to observe, with considerable regret, that we cannot agree with your views and conclusions. May we recall the fact, that when the Indian Shipping Adviser was appointed, the Government of India had made it clear, that the main object, underlying the appointment, was to ensure that the Indian shipping companies will be able to carry cargo in the coastal trade according to their quota. Even according to the answer, given by the Honourable the Commerce Member in the Legislative Assembly, on the 10th August last, the Scindia Company was not allowed to carry cargo according to its quota in 1942, and fell short in its carriage by over 46,000 tons. So far as the year 1943 is concerned, it has been an under-carrier by over 70,000 tons. As far as other Indian shipping companies are concerned, a large number of their ships has been commandeered, and as they are neither allowed to charter ships, nor given any ships to run in place of the ships taken by the Government, they are not able to carry their quota of the trade with the result that they are losing their position in these waters, which they have built up at considerable loss and sacrifice in the years past. This is entirely due to the fact, that the British Ministry of War Transport have placed a large number of ships on the British Register, at the disposal of the British shipping companies, to enable them not only to maintain their position in the coastal trade, and carry their quota, but even to increase their domination in that trade more vigorously than before. Such a position is, we trust, in fairness to us, you will be pleased to admit, not in consonance with the assurances given by the Government of India, and is certainly in conflict with your contention, that the new system of control will have no adverse effect on Indian shipping interests vis-a-vis British shipping interests.

INDIAN SHIPPING INTERESTS SACRIFICED

4. It cannot, therefore, be too strongly emphasised that the so-called stringent measure of control over ships on British Register has not prevented the British Ministry of War Transport from encouraging British shipping companies at the cost of Indian shipping interests, and from helping them and encouraging them in every way to maintain their hold and domination over Indian waters. The Government of India have, we may be permitted to observe, proved utterly helpless to give the necessary protection in this matter to Indian shipping, and it is not a matter of little misfortune for the Indian shipping companies, that the Government of India should now try to persuade us that everything will be a matter of smooth sailing under the new proposed control, and that those who have the power to guide the movement of British ships will further the interests of Indian shipping. You will, we hope, forgive us, if we were to say that we cannot share such child-like faith in the good intentions of the British Ministry of War Transport, and thus voluntarily endorse and approve the new measures of control which have been outlined by you.

5. The natural consequence of the manner in which the proposed measure of control is likely to be exercised will, we apprehend, be to strengthen the reactionary forces which have been increasing their attempts for some months past, to transfer blue-water shipping from the control of the Commerce Department to the control of the War Transport Department. With a view, therefore, to allay the public anxiety and to prevent this catastrophe that may befall national shipping, we appeal to the Honourable the Commerce Member in our joint telegram, to give us a definite assurance, that blue-water shipping will remain and continue to remain within and under the control of the Commerce Department. It is, therefore, a matter of deep disappointment to us, that not only is no such assurance given by you in the letter under acknowledgment, but you have been, on the contrary, absolutely silent in connection with this vital issue which we have raised. We leave it to you to judge for yourself, whether such a treatment is calculated to inspire confidence and secure co-operation.

"NO FAITH IN MUTUAL AGREEMENT"

6. As regards your observations in connection with our request to bring ships on the British Register as well as ships on the Indian Register, plying in the coastal waters of India, under the control of the Controller of Indian Shipping, you have deemed it fit to tell us that "it is not intended to proceed otherwise than by mutual agreement." Past history of Indian shipping and the attitude adopted by the Government in this country and in Great Britain towards the development of an Indian Merchant Navy, are full of such incidents and warnings as, we may be pardoned in stating will shake our faith in the utility of the so-called mutual agreement, referred to by you, and we are afraid it is bound to lead only to the disadvantage of and discrimination against national shipping in this country.

7. May we in this connection draw your attention to the fact that while steamers after steamers have been given by the British Ministry of War Transport, to enable the British shipping companies to maintain their position in the coastal trade, the Government of India have not been able, either to persuade the British Ministry of War Transport or effect an agreement with them, to distribute their ships in the coastal trade, in such a manner, amongst the British and Indian shipping companies, as may enable all to maintain their position and carry their share of the trade now, as in the past? We are, therefore, convinced that unless the ships on the British Register, and ships on the Indian Register, plying in Indian waters, are brought under the control of the Controller of Indian Shipping, and unless that Controller is fully authorised to utilise the space available on them, in such an effective manner, as he considers proper, without discriminating either against the British or the Indian shipping interests, the object that you have in view cannot and will not be achieved.

8. It will interest you to learn, that even the representatives of the Mogul Line were constrained to remark, at the interview which we all had with Captain Davis, in this connection, in Bombay, that the proposed measure of control will put the Indian exporters at a serious disadvantage, as compared with the U.K.C.C. and other British exporters. This further justifies our contention that there should be unity of control over all such ships plying in the coastal trade, and that control should be exercised by the Controller of Indian Shipping alone, responsible only to the Government of India. As long as the Government of India do not desire to adopt or are helpless to adopt a policy, which secures such unity of control, we deeply regret that we cannot see our way to serve on the proposed Shipping Advisory Committee, mentioned in the fourth paragraph of your letter.

9. While we have given our whole-hearted co-operation in the past, which, we are glad to note, has been acknowledged by you in the communique issued by you last week, and while we may assure you that we shall continue to extend all such co-operation, as it is possible to give, in the future, we regret that we cannot endorse your new measure of control and we cannot be a party to it, as we have not the slightest doubt in our mind that not only is there no justification for it but it is bound to lead to discrimination against national shipping, and to operate against the interests of ships on the Indian Register.

10. Although almost all the ships of the Bombay Steam, the Indian Co-operative, the Eastern Steam Navigation Co., and the Ratnagar Steam Navigation Co., have been commandeered by the Government, and although they come under the licensing scheme for such of their ships, as are yet free, and are plying at present in Indian waters, and although they have been signatories to the joint telegram sent to the Honourable the Commerce Member, on the 15th September last, they regret that such communications, as have been addressed to other companies by the Commerce Department, have not been received by them. These companies also do not understand why they have been ignored in this matter, although they have extended their full co-operation to the Government. Whatever the reasons that may have led the Government to ignore them in this matter, and not to deem it fit to invite them to serve on the proposed Committee, they desire to put on record that they fully associate themselves with the views expressed in this communication, as they are also convinced that the proposed measure of control is not at all in the interests of Indian shipping.

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Aso Shud 13, 1999
Muslim: Shavval 11, 1362
Parsi: Ardibehest 7, 1313
Sunrise: 7-33 a.m., Sunset: 7-17 p.m.
Hightide: 10-12, 22-25, Lowtide 3-44, 16-27
Corporation meeting 2 p.m. (B.T.)

Local Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN: Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

MAZDAZNAN YOUTH MOVEMENT: 'Science Evening', at Mazdaznan Hall Opp. Churchgate Station, today (Monday) at 6-15 p.m.

ANTIPIRACY CAMPAIGN: A I R Bombay, will broadcast a talk on Antipiracy Campaign by Mr. R. C. Wrinch at 8-20 p.m. today.

RECEPTION TO POET VALLATHOL: Under the auspices of the Progressive Writers' Association and the Peoples' Theatre Association, a reception will be given to the Malayalam Poet Vallathol today (Monday) October 11, at 6 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge, Mr. Saif B. Tyabji will preside.

HINDUSTANI CLASSES: The Secretary Aikya Sangh, Bombay writes: that the free Hindustani classes are meeting in National A. V. School, Soonawala Building, Tardeo, between 9 to 10 in the morning every Sunday.

GOMANTAK HINDU VIDYARTHI MANDAL: Nyayashastri Bhavanishankar Sukhatankar Sanskrit Prize and Vasudev Purshottam Mayenkar French Prize have been awarded this year to Miss Kusum Ramchandra Laud and Miss Vijaya V. Virjinkar respectively of the Wilson College.

INTER-UNIVERSITY SWIMMING COMPETITION: The competition will be held at the Mafatlal Pransukhlal Hindu Swimming Bath on the 13th, 14th and 15th October.

MUTT AND JEFF—As Usual, It's Up to Me to Give 'em a Merry Christmas — By BUD FISHER

WHAT CHA THINKIN' ABOUT, MUTT?
I'M THINKIN' HOW I CAN BUY THE SWEET WOMAN A CHRISTMAS PRESENT WITHOUT ANY DOUGH!
AH, I GOT IT! I HAVE IT!
GOOD!
TWELVE DOLLARS, EH? IS THIS GOOD PERFUME?
IT'S THE BEST!
O.K. ER--JUST CHARGE IT ON MY ACCOUNT!
ON WHAT ACCOUNT?
ON ACCOUNT OF HIM NOT HAVING ANY DOUGH!
DON'T TALK! KEEP YOUR MOUTH CLOSED! THE AXIS MAY BE LISTENING!

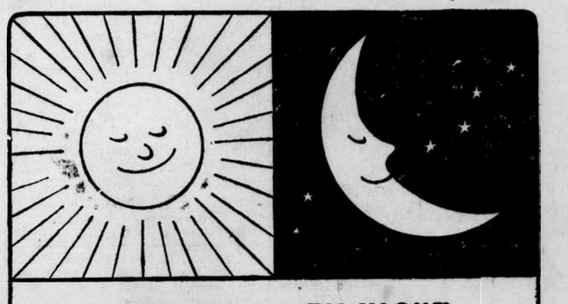
THE 11 O'CLOCK CUP

TO COMBAT THAT RUN DOWN FEELING
ORIENT TEA
VIJAYA CORPORATION
Packers: GENERAL TRADERS
Distributors: VIJAYALAXMI STORES

IT'S THE net results THAT COUNT

If you want it to be durable you can't do better, than make your net from
kohinoor Fishing Twines
K.M.21

Enquiries to:—
Messrs. NAHALCHAND LALOOCHAND
Baria Building, Pydhownie, BOMBAY. | Sadar Bazar, DELHI


BY DAY OR BY NIGHT...
Saridon
Stops all pain in 10 minutes

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1|8|-
To be paid in advance.

20. MATRIMONIAL

A Earning Deccani Brahmin widow of 33 years desires to marry a Brahmin of good status below 40 years. Apply Box No. 2897, "Bombay Chronicle."

Vegetarian Brahmin, B.E.(Civil) drawing Rs. 800 p.m. of respectable family, healthy, handsome, 32 years. Wants to marry a beautiful, higher-caste vegetarian Hindu girl, 20|25 years, well educated preferably Graduate. Correspondence kept secret. Write with latest photo. Box No. 2844, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Sanskrit and Persian Teachers. Graduates Rs. 55; B.T.s Rs. 75. Apply to the President, V. V. M. S. School, Hansot (Dist. Broach). (2895)

Wanted Clerk, knowing Gujarati, English with office routine experience and neat handwriting. Jain preferred. Apply Box No. 2894, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted expert in any of the industries or all, qualified or non-qualified, viz., Bakery, Soap-making and Dairy, etc. Right man should apply to Box No. 2896, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified and well experienced Spinning Master. Salary according to qualifications. Apply to: The Mahalakshmi Textile Mills Ltd., Pasumalai P. O. Madura. (6428)

Wanted competent Salesmen to push the supply of our abrasive papers. Apply personally Standard Emery Works next to Parkash Studio, Andheri. 2890

Wanted Lady Doctor and Nurses passed in midwifery or experienced for Maternity Hospital in Cutch. Apply sharp giving full particulars of qualifications, age, experience and nationality with copies of testimonials to Box No. 2884, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for a Government of India Department in New Delhi an efficient Indian lady Stenographer pay Rs. 125-300 and lady Steno-Typist pay Rs. 80|- plus Rs 20|- as special pay with dearness allowance in both cases. Apply stating qualifications, experience, if any, age, etc. to Box No. 6429, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for a Fine Count Cotton Mill in Ahmedabad, an experienced Weaving Master. European preferred. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with full particulars of past experience, together with copies of testimonials and stating lowest salary expected to Box No. 6412, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for some permanent vacancies of Clerks in the grade of Rs. 30-2-60. Only Matriculates below the age of 25 and belonging to Intermediate, Backward and Muslim communities need apply before 20-10-1943. M. D. Dalvi, Chief Officer, Poona City Municipality. (6396)

Secure Employment learning "Touch Typewriting" monthly Re. 1|-. (Specialized Shorthand—Typewriting—Telegraphy Course). Arrangement for ladies. National Typewriting Institution, Dwarkadas Mansions, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum. (2824)

Wanted 350 Candidates for training of Railway services as Guards Station Masters, Signallers, Ticket-Collectors etc. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 120|-. Apply with -|1|6 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial & Telegraph School, Daryaganj, Delhi. 2617

Wanted—Persons desirous of earning Rs. 10|- to Rs. 30|- per day should write for free particulars. Samples can also be sent if desired. Apply B. C. B. c|o. Post Box 262, Lahore. (5105)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Experienced Graduate-Typist, independent Correspondent seeks part-time job. Box No. 2868, "Bombay Chronicle."

A Graduate from Burma, subjects mastered English, Mathematics and Economics with thorough knowledge of Book-keeping, Banking and Correspondence, seeks responsible post in Bombay. Minimum expected salary Rs. 160|-. Apply Box No. 2843, "Bombay Chronicle".

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A young Muslim Matriculate knowing Marathi and Hindi desires to give part time tuitions. Apply Box No. 2865, "Bombay Chronicle."

117. MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

Austin "10" 1937|38 Saloon, Black, recently overhauled, new battery, 4 new tyres, Rs. 6,500|- or nearest. Write Leo C|o. P. O. Box 163, Bombay or Phone 43400. (2885)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Battery Radios wanted for cash. If you want a fair price for your 6-volt all-wave Battery Radio get in touch with Post Box 459, Bombay. (6191)

632. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Squashes & Cordials—Immediately available. Lemon and Orange Squash Lime Juice Cordial. Lemon Barley. Orange and Lemon Juice. Also Tomatto Ketchup and Sauce. Jams and Marmalades. Pickles Worchestershire Sauce. Malt Vinegar etc. Finest Quality. Competitive rates. Agents Wanted. United Chemical Industries, 13, Victoria 3rd Cross Lane, Byculla Bombay 27.. (2851)

Essences—Slovak and Schindler Essences for aerated water an bakery use. Best quality. Rock bottom rates. Agents wanted United Chemical Industries, 13 Victoria 3rd Cross Lane, Byculla, Bombay 27. (2852)

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORTS OF MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS AND ACCESSORIES FROM THE UNITED STATES, CANADA AND THE UNITED KINGDOM.

IN FUTURE, imports of motor vehicle parts and accessories from the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom will be governed by the following principles:

(1) in the case of imports from the United States, on the basis of a fixed value of parts and accessories per vehicle in essential use in India at present;
(ii) in the case of Canada, up to a proportion of the value of actual exports from that country in the year 1941;
(iii) in the case of the United Kingdom, up to a definite value.

2. Parts and accessories for each make of vehicle in use in this country will be obtained only from the country from which such makes were originally obtained.

3. Arrangements have already been made to obtain factory and other parts for General Motors and Ford vehicles and factory parts for all the United Kingdom makes through the existing main vehicle importers. A certain portion of the total quota for the import of parts from the United States is being offered to the firms who have imported vehicles of makes other than General Motors and Fords from the United States in the past. The balance quota available from the several countries is proposed to be utilised for the import of miscellaneous, electrical and replacement parts as follows:

(i) from the United States—parts, other than factory parts, for all makes except those of General Motors;
(ii) from Canada—parts not exceeding 70 per cent in value of those actually exported from Canada to India during 1941, the imports to be made only by the same firms to whom exports were made from Canada in 1941, the value referred to being the factory value:
(iii) from the United Kingdom—all parts, excluding factory parts and batteries.

The proposed imports under clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) above will be on a commercial basis and the importers will have to establish the necessary credits with the exporters in the countries concerned. The Government of India will, however, assist with these imports in consultation with the foreign Governments concerned.

4. Applications together with information in the form below should be made NOT LATER THAN 30TH NOVEMBER, 1943 by firms desiring to import parts and accessories under the conditions indicated above

(a) if from the U.S.A. and|or Canada, to the Assistant Controller of Road Transport (Provision), Department of War Transport, New Delhi, and
(b) if from the U. K., to the Secretary, U. K. Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Advisory Panel, 71, Park Street, Calcutta.

Country of origin..... Name of suppliers .....

Classes.	Value of imports (Please furnish duty paid landed cost). 1938. Rs.	1939. Rs.	1940 Rs.	1941. Rs.	Value of proposed indent at factory cost to cover requirements up to end of 1944.
Proprietary parts.					
Replacement "					
Electrical "					
Spark plugs					
Others.					
Total.					

Name and address of applicant. .....

Separate forms should be used for U.S.A., U.K. and Canada. Information in respect of U.S.A. and U. K. is required for 1938, 1939 and 1940, and in respect of Canada for 1941 only. Detailed indents should accompany the application.

5. On receipt of applications and indents, definite quotas by value for parts to be imported from each source will be allocated and the necessary import licences will be granted by the Chief Controller of Imports. The Government of India reserve the right to allocate individual quotas, issue import licences and certify indents, only for such parts as they consider to be essential.

WAR TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.
(6418)

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY LTD.

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Scindia House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on MONDAY the 11th day of October 1943 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of passing a special Resolution for altering the Memorandum of Association of the Company as set out in the notice posted to shareholders.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.

Scindia House, Ballard Estate, Bombay,
11th Sep. 1943.

To
The Shareholders of
Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd
and in particular to
Abdool Gafforally Sahib Obary, Amod Cassum Essay, Antonio Vincent Naronha, Bhailal P. Dave, Chhaganbhai Muljibhai Patel, Chotabhai Somabhai Patel, Gool Mohamed Ebrahim, Ismail Faker Laher, Ishwarlal Nathubhai Wankawala, Dr. Jamietram Krishnaram Dave, Jumabhoy Mohmodbhai Jumabhoy, Marmali Remtulla Dewji, Kaikhusroo Ruston Keyanian, Manchershaw Maneckji Mobedjeena, Maganlal Jatashanker Raval, Noormahomed Omer Jhaveri, Prabhashanker Jagannath Pandhya, Procuro Ceatano Mascarenhas, Rodolfo De Melo, Sorushyar Shahriyar, Abdulrazak G. Shaikh, Ba Maung, Bhimbhai Morarji Chhotalal M. Sheth, Dwarkadas Mooljee, Fatechand Narandas, Gunvantrai L. Bakshi Hiromoy Sen Gupta, Karsondas Ratanshi Joshi, Majilal Kuberbhai Pandya, Mohamed Hassanjee Mamoojee, Nripendra Kumar Mitra, Nakuleshwar Dey, Raj Kishore Patnaik, Sashi Bhusan Dey, Salgram Chatterjee, and S. K. Krishna Pillai.
(6046)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from ladies with high academic and training qualifications for the post of Principal, Training School for Women at Baroda in the grade of Rs. 300-45|3-450. Candidates should also possess experience of administration and inspection of primary schools and a good knowledge of Gujarati language.

Applications giving age, caste, domicile qualifications, experience, etc., together with copies of testimonials should be sent to the Vidyadhikari, Baroda State, Baroda, before 20-10-43.

Canvassing in any form will disqualify candidates.
6373

THE BARSI SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the THIRTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1-2, Mubarak Manzil, (2nd floor) 104, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on 12th October 1943, at 3-30 p.m. (N.S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 1942.
(2) To declare Dividend.
(3) To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors for the year 1943 and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors
P. V. JOSHI,
Chairman

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 5th October, 1943 to 19th October, 1943, both days inclusive.
(6143)

THE BARSI SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Company's Registered Office at 1-2, Mubarak Manzil, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on 12th October, 1943 at 4-30 p.m. or so soon afterwards as the Thirty-Sixth Ordinary Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on the same day shall be concluded when the Sub-joined Resolutions will be proposed as Special Resolutions.

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

1. To sanction the amendments in the Articles of Association of the Company as proposed in the Draft circulated to the Members.
2. To sanction the Commission of the Sole Selling Agents of the Company.
3. To sanction the Commission of the Cotton Purchasing Agents of the Company.

By order of the Board of Directors
P. V. JOSHI,
Chairman.
(6148)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for reconditioning of scrap brass turnings. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13 at Rs. 2|- per copy, not refundable. **Money Order** or cash only. Closing date 27-10-1943 at 3 p. m. (S.T.).

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED

AGENCY INSPECTORS, ORGANIZERS, SPECIAL AGENTS for Bombay City and Suburbs on most attractive remuneration. Apply:

THE FAMOUS LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
Dhan Nur, Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort,
BOMBAY.
6436

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the Current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court (First Floor, Room No. 37) on MONDAY, the 11th October, 1943, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

J. N. DUGGAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 9th October, 1943.
(6439)

I. S. I. INSPECTION CIRCLE, WAR DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY
WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of JUNIOR CLERKS and TYPISTS in the scale of pay Rs. 50-10-60-2-80 plus usual dearness allowance. The pay of candidates with previous one year's typing or clerical experience will be fixed at Rs. 60|- in the grade of Rs. 60-2-80 as Routine Division Clerks. Minimum qualification required both for clerks and typists is Matriculation. Typists must have typewriting speed of not less than 35 words per minute. Age limit 30 years—can be waived in deserving cases, especially for Muslim candidates.

Lady candidates are also permitted to apply provided they satisfy the above conditions.

A number of vacancies are reserved for Muslim and other minority communities.

Posts are temporary in connection with the War. No travelling allowance is admissible for interview or for joining the appointment. Applications should be in the candidates' own handwriting and should be addressed to the Controller of Inspection, I. S. D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
6435

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MANIBAI widow and Administratrix of Bhagwandas Maganbhai has agreed to sell to our client the undermentioned properties, situate in Madras Presidency. Any person having any interest, whatsoever in or making any claim whatsoever against the said properties and in any manner whatsoever is requested to notify the same to the undersigned within 14 days, otherwise the claim will be considered as waived, and the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRSTLY:— Karimunda alias Elamalai and the hills, huts and tanks bearing Survey No. 75, Kaviloompara, Kaviloompara Division, Kurumbranad Taluq, Kuttiyati Sub-District, North Malabar District, admeasuring East-West 6 miles South-North 4 miles and bounded on the East by Karimunda Stream, South by Mulakupadam River, West by Taladi River and the North by Kollikkarapara Stream.

SECONDLY:— Karinggad alias Elamalai and the hills, huts and tanks therein, bearing Survey No. within 71 and 74 and 73 Kavilumpara, Kavilumpara Division, Kurumbranad Taluq, Kuttiyati Sub-District, North Malabar District.

THIRDLY:— Southern slope of Pulyadimalai as per Survey Register alias Pulliyadimalai within Kulimggatmalai, bearing Survey No. within 104 and 105 at Tirur, Naripatta Division, Nadapuram Taluq, Nadapuram Sub-District, North Malabar District.

Both the properties secondly and thirdly described admeasuring East-West 8 miles South-North 6 miles and bounded on the East by Wadakkanmala Stream, South by Patikapara Stream, West by Pulyadi River stream and North by Tanunai River stream.

FOURTHLY:— Kunjiminittath Paramba within Nallatannir Malai Kunjinomittath alias South-West side stream and Pakram Thalam within Nallathannir Malai Kunjinimittath Paramba Pakram Thalam with Nallathannirmalai Nallathannirmala Kuttiyadi Churathil Nallathannur alias Elmala and huts and tanks, bearing Survey No. 78-66-65-2 of 64, 62, 63 at Kavilampara, Kavilampara Division, Kurumbranad Taluq, Kuttiayati Sub-District, North Malabar District and bounded, on the East by Nattukatti Vireweem and Villamala Nireivum, South Chaithan River and Achhampulal River up to Kulammala Nirevu, West Up-to Churani River and North by Mukku Nirijan River and stream.

FIFTHLY:— Kuttiyadi Korana alias Mungayodumalai and the hills, huts and tanks bearing Survey No. 72 and 26 Nithunannur, Kavilumpara Kayakotti Division Kurumbranad Taluq, Kuttiyati Sub-District North Malabar District and bounded, on the East by Stream, South by Karathapparai and water canal, West by Stream and North by Chili Stream.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1943.

PURNANAND & JASUBHAI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Fort Chambers C,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.
6427

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 2284 of 1940

OCHHAVLAL CHHOTALAL MODY & ors. .... Plaintiffs.
vs.
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE of Bombay and ors. ..... Defendants

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for sale, dated the 6th day of April, 1942, the following immovable properties will be sold in 1 lot by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at his office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of November 1943 at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.).

PARTICULARS

1. Property, situate at Dohad, Junapura Vora vad bearing City Survey Nos. 1398-1472-1473-1474, admeasuring about 324 sq. yds.
2. Property, situate at Dohad Taiwada Moholla bearing City Survey No. 1475, admeasuring about 80 sq. yds.
3. Property, situate at Dohad Taiwada Moholla, bearing City Survey No. 1520, admeasuring about 160 sq. yds.
4. One shop at Dohad, Old Bazar, bearing City Survey No. 1273, admeasuring about 24 sq. yds.
5. Property at Mochiwad, Dohad bearing City Survey No. 3211, admeasuring about 42 sq. yds.
6. One field in the village of Rabdal in Dohad, bearing Old Government Survey No. 29, plot No. 1, admeasuring about acres 2-39 gunthas assessment Rs. 5-2-6
7. Inami field at Dohad bearing Survey No. 55 No. 1, admeasurement not known, bearing City Survey No. 371-379.
8. Property at Bhatwada Dohad, bearing City Survey No. 977, admeasuring about 432 sq. yds.
9. One shop at Jhalod bearing City Survey No. 786.
10. Property at Vanjawad Dohad, bearing City Survey No. 477, admeasuring about 147 sq. yds. assessment Rs. 1-9-6.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Khandvala and Chhotalal, Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1943.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(6423)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 124 of 1941.

DILAWAR-UN-NISA BIBI and Another ..... Plaintiffs
vs
MAHOMED YUSUF ABDUL LATIFF RAHIMTULLA & Others ..... Defendants

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 13th November, 1942, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on FRIDAY, the 12th day of November, 1943, at 4-30 P. M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS:

ALL those two pieces of land now formed into one together with the building thereon at Marol, Taluka Salsette, Zilla Thana, admeasuring 6564 square yards or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 45 Falni No. 2 and Survey No. 46, Falni No. 1.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. PAYNE AND CO., Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 54, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1943.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(6424)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 152 of 1942.

MONGHIVAHU alias LADKABAI, widow of Narandas Sunderdas ..... Plaintiff
Vs.
KONDAJI RAMCHANDRA LAGAD & Another.
..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree, dated the 12th day of January, 1942, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, the 11th day of November, 1943, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece of land or ground of the Quit and Ground Rent, Tenure with dwelling house at 2nd Koli Lane, Colaba, admeasuring 120 square yards and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 1 and 2, New Survey Nos. 4701 and 4702, Old Survey Nos. 3 and 5 and New Survey No. 9660 and "A" Ward No. 807 Street No. 13.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. KANGA AND COMPANY, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at Readymony Mansion, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1943.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(6425)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THERE ARE TWO PERMANENT VACANCIES of Assistant Accountants in our Works Office at Tatanagar in the grade of Rs. 200-20-300 plus Dearness Allowance of Rs. 13|- and Emergency Allowance of 10 per cent, cheap supply of rations, and benefits of Provident Fund on confirmation and free medical aid. Quarters at the factory site are allotted on nominal rents. Applications are invited from persons with high accounting qualifications and practical experience as Accountants in Manufacturing Concerns. The appointment in the first instance will be on probation for a period of one year. The positions offer attractive opportunities for men of right type. Apply with full details of qualifications, experience, age, nationality and copies of testimonials to the DIRECTOR, The Indian Steel & Wire Products Ltd., P. O. E. I. R. Works, District Singhbhum, B. N. Rly. by the 25th instant.
6431

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai FATMABAI IBRAHIM has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned properties.

ANY PERSON having any claim in to upon or against the said properties, is hereby required to notify the same to the undersigned at Alli Chambers Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise such claim will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRSTLY:— Quit and Ground rent land with building, situate at Khumbharwada Street admeasuring about 150 Square Yards bearing New Survey No. 5619, Cadastral Survey No. 4032 of Bhuleshwar Division, New Street Nos. 38 and 40 and Municipal C Ward No. 7677.

SECONDLY:— Quit and Ground rent land with building, situate at Khumbharwada Street, admeasuring about 76 Square Yards bearing New Survey No. 5620 Cadastral Survey No. 4031 of Bhuleshwar Division Municipal C Ward No. 7678 and Street No. 42.

Dated this 7th day of October 1943.

HOOSEINI DOCTOR & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3426

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

WANTED, for temporary employment, ONE STORES CLERK, Matriculate, five years' experience. Salary Rs. 90|- per mensem plus War Allowance Rs. 16|-. Apply Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, Mazagaon, Bombay 10.
(6438)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOT OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES, ETC.

Under instructions from the Commandant, Bombay Civil Pioneer Force (Active Unit) Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction TO-DAY, MONDAY the 11th October, 1943 at 2-30 p. m. (N.S.T.) at their Rooms at 120, Apollo St., Fort, the undermentioned unserviceable articles.

A big lot of Mazri Shirts, Shorts, Caps, Boots, Stockings, Chappals, Haversacks, Razais, Blankets, Mazri Housewife, Empty drums, and Kerosene tins, Wooden boxes, Meatsafe, etc.

Terms:— Cash and immediate delivery taken and removed before the same evening.

AUCTION SALE OF REEDS, CARD CLOTHING, HEALDS, etc., AND DIESEL ENGINE PARTS, ETC.

On account of whom it may concern M|s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction on FRIDAY the 15th October, 1943, at 2-30 P. M. (N.S.T.) at their Rooms Flat and Waste Card Clothing Cylinders, Burnishing, Doffers, Tops with and without Clips and End plates attached Single bend Clips and End plates, Clearers, Fancies, Phillipson's Sheets, Healds various sets warpers Bobbins, Roving Tubes, Reeds of various size and counts from 32s to 100s etc., etc.

DIESEL ENGINE PARTS

Atomiser Nozzles, Springs, Cones, Needle Valves, Pump Plungers, Fulcrum Pins, Filter Gauge, Pressure Gauge, Exhaust-Inlet, etc., Valves, Governors, Springs, etc., etc.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property.
24 Motor Head Lights.
BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 11 BALES KAPOK COTTON

By order of N. R. Paleker, Esqr., Messrs. Crawford & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 11th October, 1943, at 3 P.M. (N.S.T.) at their rooms at 122 Apollo St., Fort, 11 Bales Kapok Cotton.
CRAWFORD & CO.

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